

EMERGENCY RATION

A man has lived forty days without other food than his own fat.

Fat is man's emergency ration. The fat is stored in convenient hollows all over the body against the day of necessity.

Consumption makes heavy demand on the storage of fat. Nature uses fat to fight the disease. The crying need of the consumptive is fat.

Scott's Emulsion contains the best fat to be had, next to human fat itself. Scott's Emulsion is a natural substitute for human fat. It prevents waste. It furnishes the consumptive with nature's own weapon for fighting the disease.

We'll send you a sample free upon request.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

Don't Miss This Chance

Think of the opportunity now open to men in this city.

I am selling out at absolute cost.

Everything in men's furnishings, etc., at cost.

I. Levingston.
Young Building.

THE Aquarium NOW OPEN!

AT Kapiolani Park

THE AQUARIUM WILL BE OPEN on Week days from 10 o'clock a. m. to 5 p. m. and from 7 to 9:30 o'clock p. m. On Sundays it will open at 1 p. m. ADMISSION will be FREE on Thursdays. On other days a charge will be made of 10 cents to adults and 5 cents to children under fourteen years of age.

The Remington Typewriter

saves the most time and the most labor and gives the least trouble and the least expense.

J. H. HARRISON, Agent.
Hotel St.

Dressmaking.

Misses Johnson and Olson, just from San Francisco with the very latest styles, solicit your patronage. Residence 1116, Richards street, corner of Hotel. Phone Blue 521.

Y. MAN SING

1117 NUUANU STREET.
FASHIONABLE DRESS-MAKER

LADIES' UNDERWEAR. Dresses made to order. Sewing guaranteed. If the stitches break I will repair without extra charge.

JAPANESE Groceries and Provisions

Manufacturers of Straw Hats.
IWAKAMI & CO
HOTEL STREET.

OAHU ICE & ELECTRIC Co.

Ice delivered to any part of the city. Island orders promptly filled. Tel. Blue 2151. P. O. Box 600. Office: Kewalo.

HAIR CLEANING AND DYEING WORK. Fort Street, opposite Star Block. LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHING CLEANED AT LOWEST PRICES. Phone White 2362.

HUSBANDS AT HOME

High Sheriff's Quiet Sunday Aids Wives.

"It was a quiet Sunday," said High Sheriff Henry yesterday. "It was kept in a manner which should not arouse criticism at any point. The rain did much to help us and I guess most men were glad to stay at home."

"It appears to me," the High Sheriff continued with a smile, "that the wives in this city ought to thank me for arranging Sunday so that their husbands will stay at home."

"Wives are generally complaining about the lodges keeping their husbands out at night. They say that their husbands work during the week days and go to lodge at night, so that they see very little of them. Now with a quiet Sunday there is no reason on earth why husbands should not stay at home all day with their wives."

CHILDREN LIKE TO TAKE IT.—The finest quality of granulated loaf sugar is used in the manufacture of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and the roots used in its preparation give it a flavor similar to maple syrup, making it quite pleasant to take. Children like to take it and it has no injurious after effect. It always cures. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

POLICE SUSPECT THE YOUNG HOTEL THIEF

The police are still engaged on the Young Hotel robbery case, but no arrests have yet been made. It is rumored that the police have about come to the conclusion as to the identity of the thief, but will obtain complete evidence before making an arrest. Detective Hatter is given credit for the evidence so far adduced.

A Chinese assault and battery case, involving a cross complaint of malicious injury, was heard in Judge Judd's court yesterday afternoon. The complaining witness, who had spent three days in jail, said the reason he had had the defendant arrested was because he did not separate him (complaining witness) from a man whom he alleged was battering him. The case ended in a general discharge of all hands.

Breakers of the Sabbath law were in court and all but one went free. The lone Oriental who was soaked preferred to plead not guilty and fight his case. The result was he was found guilty and fined \$25. The others pleaded guilty and sentence in their cases was suspended thirty days. The intention of the High Sheriff is to give everybody a chance to get familiar with the law before throwing offenders into the bastille.

Crap shooters lost to the Deputy High Sheriff who knew how to roll legal bones better than the real ivory. Each crapsheet lost \$5 to the deputy. One of the gamblers, Futehimura by name, is held on an additional charge of bribery, having attempted to induce policeman Frank Kane to release him on payment of \$3. He will now plead to the charge of bribery.

Owing to the grand jury having taken charge of the case, the charges of embezzlement against H. C. Mossman were stricken from the Police Court calendar.

The grand jury is to investigate the case of Toepelmann, who, since he was injured on the head more than a week ago, has been confined to a cot in the Queen's Hospital.

Hama Kealoha, who has frequently appeared in Police Court cases as defendant, was arrested yesterday and sent to the tanks on a charge of burglary in the second degree. He is alleged to have broken into a Japanese store. The owner caught Kealoha and held him until the police arrived.

A Japanese named Hunda is charged with having stabbed a countryman of his at Waiwala on Friday night.

The case of W. A. McKay, charged with selling liquor without a license, was continued on motion of Deputy Sheriff Rawlins. The latter stated that two important witnesses for the prosecution were not to be found and he believed they had been induced to leave the city. It was understood the men were on Hawaii but would probably be returned on the Kaula.

Complaint was made to the police yesterday by Fujita that car 35 of the Rapid Transit Company had damaged his back on Beretania street. The complainant stated that he had a sick passenger in his vehicle and had stopped before a doctor's office to let the patient out when the car struck the back from the rear.

An Enjoyable Outing.

The most attractive day's outing is that afforded by the excursion down the railroad line. The HALEIWA LIMITED, a first-class train, leaves Honolulu every Sunday morning at 8:22 o'clock making the run in two hours, the rate for round trip being only \$2.00. From 10:22 a. m. until 8:30 p. m. is spent at the beautiful HOTEL HALEIWA, with fresh and salt water bathing, tennis, golf drives and walks, shooting or fishing and you are back in town at 10:10 o'clock in the evening.

MINISTERS TAKE ACTION ON THE LOCAL SUNDAY LAW

The following are minutes of the meeting of the Ministerial Union, held Nov. 28th. The meeting opened as usual at 10 a. m. in the Central Union Church parlor. There were fourteen present. After prayer, the minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. The special committee then made its report on the Sunday Question, and after full discussion the following resolution was passed unanimously:

Whereas: The present law enforcing Sabbath observance is not the former or ancient law of Hawaii under the Monarchy but a statute adopted in 1886 securing a day of rest and quiet, not forbidding innocent recreation, amusement or games unless such interfere with the peace and quiet of the community, nor closing restaurants nor interfering with any act or acts necessary for the health and comfort of the community; and,

Whereas: We believe the position of Sheriff Henry in his construction of the Sunday law is correct and his enforcement of the same in order to secure as far as possible a day of rest for the laboring man and a Sunday of quiet in the community is praiseworthy and deserving of the sympathy and support of all upright American citizens; therefore,

Resolved: That we, the Ministerial Union, cordially approve of the action of the authorities in their endeavors to enforce this Sunday law believing such to be wholesome and beneficial to the community.

It was then moved that the committee be continued.

It was moved that Mr. Richards report on a matter that he wished to bring before the Union at the next meeting.

The following resolution was also adopted unanimously:

Resolved: That the Ministerial Union put itself on record as believing in the sanctity of the Lord's Day and that the day was given us for physical rest, mental development and spiritual uplift.

Resolved: That as pastors and members of Christian churches we do all in our power to maintain the Lord's Day as a day of worship and spiritual culture.

The meeting then adjourned.

E. W. THWING.

HAWAII.

(Continued from page 5.)

ics are generally a peaceable, law-abiding and industrious people, furnishing the islands with a service which is the envy of every one from the states, they would present the problem in a state (if it becomes one) of a large proportion of the population belonging to a disfranchised class, the very antipodes of a self-governing people.

These questions will certainly be worked out speedily and righteously. I believe that both Chinese and Japanese will soon enough find a way to generally become citizens. Elements are being cast into the crucible whose signs are apparent in the changing mass. More here than elsewhere the Asiatic is adopting the dress and customs of the West and led as he must be, for a generation at least, by the native and white element here, he will in good time become a well-qualified factor in the republic, a competent, self-respecting, patriotic, self-governing citizen of the United States.

Why has the native population so diminished? Native races die out, it is said before they can conform to the rules of what we call more civilized living; the conventions kill until body and soul are tortured to yield. The natives are living (and were especially in the old days) far nearer to nature than we, and, as a descendant of the Puritans, I saw no more virtue, upon the whole, along the valley of the Ohio where my early lot was cast or among the mountains of New Hampshire where I was later sent to gain higher learning and inspiration, or even in cultured Massachusetts, where I have labored in my maturer years, than among this simple people. Now that they are freer to live and act in their own way and are aided by their education and properly helped in the arts of town and city life with its dangers and in the third and fourth generations are outliving the noxious germs planted by the whalers who so long dominated these seas, decay has been arrested and they will survive and increase.

The Chinese are liked here much better than the Japanese. This was the case also in California. They claim that the Chinese are more honest and faithful; that they keep their word always and are ever quiet and peaceable; that the Japanese are beginning to exhibit the worst features of our emigrants to the states; that they are as servile and more grasping and are becoming strikers—all this more especially since their great successes over Russia and China.

This is easy to understand and it will undoubtedly increase, although the worst of the island Empire is said to be here. The advance of the Japanese people or any other will not be by docility and, unfortunately, not by love.

It has been my fortune to make the pleasant acquaintance of the president of the Board of Health, and in speaking of the healthfulness of the islands he assured me that with the exception of leprosy—which never attacks the whites save as they volunteer as in the case of priests and nurses, to work in the leper colony—there is no pestilence and none is likely. Indeed there is more danger in any of our own cities in the States. The death rate is low. The lepers are in a colony by themselves where contamination is rendered impossible, and there they live, in general, comfortable, contented lives, often prolonged to old age. The horrors of ancient leprosy existed when less care was bestowed, and it has also been exaggerated by oriental imagery.

The sanitary condition of all the islands seems to be in the best of hands. The food of the islanders is mostly fish and poi, the national dish; it is a root, a kind of yam, and is pounded and cooked generally into a paste or a pudding although it may be boiled or baked like a potato. It is prolific and is good, very healthy and nutritious. The people seem to be unable to make a meal without it. It is more to them than our bread is to us. The fish is good everywhere here, but I cannot say

as much for the meat, which is tough and eaten too soon after killing. Nearly all of the fruits, grains and vegetables will grow here in one altitude or another. In a word, these islands will produce almost anything.

The natives have musical voices and are nearly all fine singers.

For the present at least these islands are not the place for our people from the States who have little or no capital. The sugar industry dominates everything and with the need of artificial irrigation and great mills, it runs into millions. Small farmers would have a hard time. Prices at hotels are much the same as with us.

BEAUTY OF HAWAII.

The Hawaiian Islands are too beautiful for the application of English adjectives. They assume the usual form of their volcanic origin, mountains with a maximum of 14,000 feet sloping gracefully to the sea, save where rent into gullies, fissures and crevasses by storm torrents which generally pass away as rapidly as they arise. They are clothed to their summits with perennial verdure varying with climate and altitude from the extremely tropical to that of the temperate zone. There are many graceful waterfalls fed from regions of perpetual ice and snow in Maui and Hawaii where the ocean has converted the shores into precipices on the windward sides. The foot hills, plains and slopes between mountain and sea are of great fertility; most of the flora and fruits of the tropics and many of the temperate zone; many birds; edible salt waterfish of all colors and plenty of them; indeed, the birds of paradise pale in color before the fish of these islands; pheasants, quail, pigeon and wild hogs and goats and deer in plenty for the sportsman; a picturesque people amid music and flowers, no storms and no ice, but perpetual sunshine, save the quiet passing of the shower which with us in season and with them ever, makes sweeter the breath of "June's fresh greenness."

It has been my fortune, in a life devoted to travel during all possible leisure, many years of which have been spent in foreign countries, to gaze upon earth's choicest scenes. I need not speak of Europe, for most know it well enough, and its mountain and lake scenery is so different that it is not comparable. To my mind, there is nothing in the Mediterranean, Aegean or Black Seas so charming and beautiful—not even the "Isles of Greece," and the spring and winter climate of all those seas is cold and damp while the extremes of temperature in the Hawaiian islands are 50 to 90 degrees and either extreme is rare. In physical features Palestine, Syria, Asia Minor and the Nile are not beautiful. Save in the mountains there is little scenery in Mexico or South America. The islands of the Caribbean Archipelago are indeed beautiful, but the people! the degeneracy! the filth and disease! and when "northerners" strike you there, you can well enough imagine you are enduring a "nor" easter" in Boston.

In the Hawaiian islands wherever the winds come from and at whatever season, they are as balmy as those of Ceylon, if not as spicy; all seasons are summer and health and cleanliness are the rule; there is little of either the laxity in morals or in the rules of sanitation here which prevails in so many of the other island countries. I came here with a serious case of asthma and bronchitis which a stay in San Francisco had only aggravated, and it practically disappeared in a week. From my windows I see in the offing across the fridescant, sunlit waters, the ship which in a few hours will carry me to the wonders of the Orient, to which I look forward as to a dream. Shall I see anything more beautiful there? I trow not!

Corbett-Nelson Fight.

The result of the Corbett-Nelson fight at San Francisco will be received at the Columbia saloon, Hotel street, on Tuesday night next. The Columbia saloon has made special arrangements to have the returns bulletined, as they arrive by cable.

I'll Bet \$1,000 I Can Cure Any Weak Man!



I have perfected a new Belt, better and stronger than I have ever made before—a "half man" into a belt which will transform the weakest, puniest specimen of perfect cyclone of strength and I want every man to use it. I want a test case. Therefore I offer \$1,000 in gold to any weak man who will use this Belt under my direction for four months and then show by examination of any reputable physician that he is not cured, sound and well. This is especially directed to men who have doctored for years without benefit. I want men with Abdominal Pain, in the Back, Weak Kidneys, Sciatica, Lumbago, Prostatic Trouble (I cure by a new method), Locomotor Ataxia, Torpid Liver, Indigestion and Dyspepsia. All of these troubles in chronic form I can cure with this new Belt, even after all other treatments have failed. To every weak, debilitated man who wears this new Belt I give my

SUSPENSORY

FOR WEAK MEN WITHOUT CHARGE.

This attachment is made for the purpose of treating all special ailments of men, and assures a cure of all waste of strength, early decay and debility. Its current is invigorating and wonderful in power.

DR. McLAUGHLIN—Dear Sir: I have now been wearing your Belt about a month, and I wish to report that the Belt has benefited me in every way, so that today I feel like a new man. My back does not trouble any more, my nerves are stronger and my sleep is better than it has been in years. I want to thank you for the benefits I have derived from your method of treatment, and with kindest regards, I remain, yours very truly,

ED. HAYSING, Cucamonga, Cal. If you can call, come and see me, and I will show you my new Belt and prove to you that it is a wonderful device. You can feel the glowing current of life that flows into the weakened nerves. I will show you letters from your own neighbors telling how I cured them. I have over 50,000 testimonials in the past 21 years.

Write, and I will send a book describing my new method, with letters from many grateful men and women. If you write, send this ad, and I will send the book, sealed, free. Cut the ad. out and act today.

DR. M. G. McLAUGHLIN, 906 Market St., San Francisco.

FRED PHILP & BRO.

Harnessmakers and Saddlers. Trunks and Valises neatly and promptly repaired.

Waverley Block, Bethel Street.

"Mother Goose" Opera House



Benefit of the Free Kindergarten.

That Jack Built

Saturday Evening, December 10, Tuesday Evening, December 13, Thursday, Matinee 3 o'clock, December 15.

Over 200 Children in the Cast.

Regular Opera House Prices.

Tickets on sale at Wall, Nichols Co., December 5th.

TAN SHOES ARE RIGHT IN STYLE

Pretty tans in pretty shapes, with tan stockings, are popular favorites everywhere. Our new stock contains just the size and style you want. All for ladies' wear.

Laird & Schober's Light Tan Oxfords... \$4.00

Laird & Schober's Dark Tan Oxfords... \$4.50

made with welt sole and military heel.

Chrome Kid Welt Oxfords, Military Heel, \$3.50

Tan Calf Skin Lace Boot, Military Heel, \$4.50

Chrome Kid Lace Boot, Welt or Turn sole, \$3.50.

Manufacturers' Shoe Co., Ltd.

1051 Fort Street.

QUALITY.

ECONOMY.

SOAP

Honolulu Soap Works Co.

FRED. L. WALDRON,

Spreckels Block.

Sales Agent.

Holiday Goods Below Cost SALE NOW ON.

Yamatoya's

Best Crepe Shirts at 75c.

S. OZAKI,

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Nuuanu street, between King and Hotel, Ewa side.

NO MORE HOMES TO RENT

But will build you one to be paid for in rent. Small payment down. Best location in the city.

W. M. CAMPBELL

1634 Young, near Punahou street.